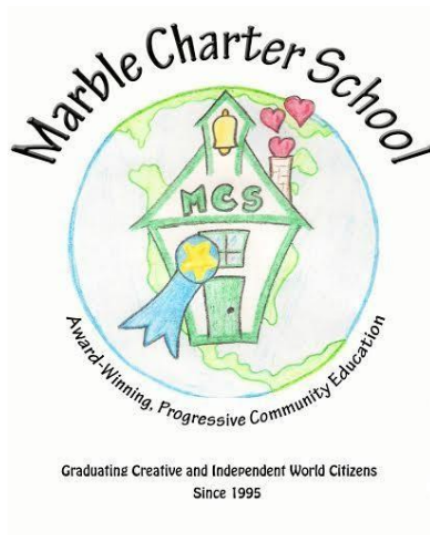


**Marble Charter School**

**Financial Report**

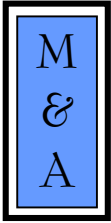
**June 30, 2025**



**Marble Charter School  
June 30, 2025**

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# MCMAHAN AND ASSOCIATES, L.L.C.

*Certified Public Accountants and Consultants*

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WEB SITE: [www.McMAHANCPA.COM](http://www.McMAHANCPA.COM)

MAIN OFFICE: (970) 845-8800

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

**To the Board of Directors  
Marble Charter School  
Marble, Colorado**

### ***Opinions***

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the Marble Charter School (the "School"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Marble Charter School as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

### ***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

The School's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

*Member: American Institute of Certified Public Accountants*

### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with U.S. GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with U.S. GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis in Section B, and the Schedule of School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of School Pension Contributions, Schedule of School's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability and Schedule of School OPEB Contributions in Section E, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

***Required Supplementary Information (continued)***

The budgetary comparison information in section E is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statement or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

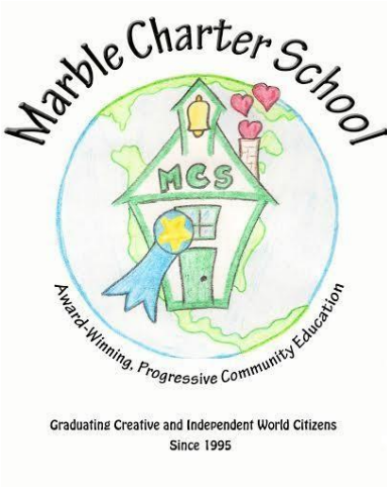
***Supplementary Information***

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's financial statements taken as a whole. The Colorado Department of Education Auditor's Electronic Data Integrity Check Figures is presented for purposes of additional analysis are is not a required part of the School's financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

*McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.*

**McMahan and Associates, L.L.C.**  
**Avon, Colorado**  
**December 19, 2025**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**



**Marble Charter School  
Management's Discussion and Analysis  
As of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025**

As management of the Marble Charter School (the "School"), we offer readers of the School's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the School exceeded its liabilities as of June 30, 2025, by \$1,751,206 (net position).
- The School's net position increased by \$259,652 from 2024, primarily due to the School's ongoing capital projects, as well as the effect from changes in the School's Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability.
- The School had a fund balance of \$1,108,825, or 85% of total fund expenditures.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements have three components: 1) School-wide financial statements; 2) Fund financial statements; and 3) Notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

**School-wide Financial Statements:** The School-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, using accounting methods similar to those used by a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the School's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and changes in long-term compensated absences).

The School-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the School that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The school only reports governmental activities.

- **Governmental activities:** The School only reports governmental activities, such as instructional services, support services and student activities. Other services include activities relating to building maintenance and operations, student transportation, technology and administration.

The School-wide financial statements can be found on pages C1 and C2 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements:** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the operations of the School by fund instead of the School as a whole. The School only reports governmental funds.

**Governmental Funds:** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the School-wide financial statements. However, unlike the School-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. The School's most significant, or "major", governmental fund is the General Fund. The School does not report any other funds.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the School-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the School-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided to demonstrate compliance with state budget statutes.

The basic major governmental fund financial statements can be found on page E1.

**Notes to the Financial Statements:** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the School-wide and fund financial statements. The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found in section D this report.

**Other Information:** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents supplementary information concerning the School's annual appropriated budgets.

**School-wide Financial Analysis:**

The following table provides a summary of the School's net position as of the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

<b>Marble Charter School Summary of Net Position</b>		
	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Assets:</b>		
Current and other assets	\$ 1,459,858	\$ 1,364,394
Capital assets	1,732,273	1,288,143
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>3,192,131</b>	<b>2,652,537</b>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</b>		
Pension related	330,955	528,180
Post-employment health benefits related	10,112	13,818
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources:</b>	<b>341,067</b>	<b>541,998</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>		
Other liabilities	351,033	91,526
Long-term liabilities	1,261,877	1,523,035
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>1,612,910</b>	<b>1,614,561</b>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b>		
Pension related	153,160	76,163
Post-employment health benefits related	15,922	12,257
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b>	<b>169,082</b>	<b>88,420</b>
<b>Net Position:</b>		
Investment in capital assets	1,408,964	1,266,810
Restricted for emergency	39,250	33,250
Restricted for capital projects	472,614	944,395
Unrestricted	(169,622)	(752,901)
<b>Total Net Position</b>	<b>\$ 1,751,206</b>	<b>1,491,554</b>

Note that net position may serve as an indicator of the School's financial position over time. The School's net position for governmental activities increased during the current year (see further discussion below).

The following table presents a summary of activities and changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

**Marble Charter School Summary of Activities and Changes in Net Position**

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Revenues:</b>		
Per pupil funding	\$ 483,340	\$ 584,920
Investment income	59,620	44,023
State sources	425,746	170,185
Other	198,032	230,140
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>1,166,738</b>	<b>1,029,268</b>
<b>Expenses:</b>		
Direct instruction	635,630	821,830
Indirect instruction	130	1,651
General administration	20,085	27,354
Support services	32,849	32,172
Custodial maintenance	81,169	83,410
Transportation	44,630	46,140
Food service operations	54,944	67,223
Capital outlay	-	5,253
Depreciation	37,649	37,649
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>907,086</b>	<b>1,122,682</b>
<b>Change in Net Position</b>	259,652	(93,414)
<b>Net Position - Beginning of Year</b>	<b>1,491,554</b>	<b>1,584,968</b>
<b>Net Position - End of Year</b>	<b>\$ 1,751,206</b>	<b>\$ 1,491,554</b>

**Governmental Activities:** The primary differences between the fund financial statements and the governmental activities relate to capital assets, net other post-employment benefits liability and net pension liability. The School has no debt, but has a liability related to arbitrage rebate payable related to its allocation of Gunnison Watershed School District's \$95,000,000 bond issuance in Fiscal Year 2023 as further discussed in Section D, footnote IV.F.

The majority of School's operating revenues are generated from Per Pupil Funding as determined by the School Finance Act of 1994. Per pupil funding is comprised of general fund property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and state equalization as enumerated above.

**Financial Analysis of the School's Funds**

The School utilizes fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds:** The focus of the School's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of the School's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the School's governmental fund reported ending fund balances of \$1,108,825, a decrease of \$154,043 from the prior year ending fund balances.

**Budget Variances in the General Fund:** The School's budget is prepared according to Colorado law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. Original and final adopted budgets, as well as variances between actual revenues, expenditures, and final budgeted amounts are reflected in the Required Supplementary Information on page E1 of the audited financial statements. The most significant budgeted variances are noted as follows:

<u>Account</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Reason</u>
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Per pupil funding	452,664	483,340	Conservative budgeting
Investment income	23,000	59,620	Conservative budgeting
State sources	140,000	414,201	BEST Grant not budgeted for
Other	247,600	198,032	Budgeted for local grants ultimately not received
<b>Expenditures:</b>			
Direct instruction	727,508	588,077	Conservative budgeting
Capital outlay	874,000	485,332	Delay in timing of bond projects

**Capital Assets:** The School's capital assets represent the school building itself, one bus and dishwasher. Details are provided in the footnotes.

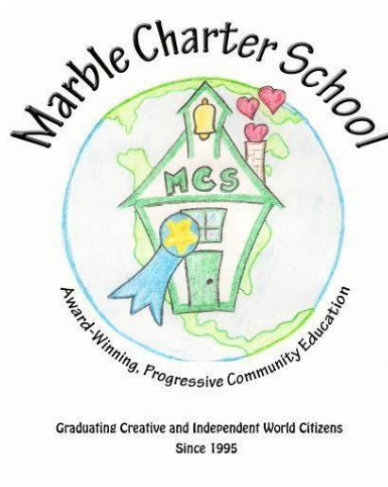
**Long-Term Debt:** The School has no long-term debt as of the end of the current fiscal year.

**Next Year's Budget and Fund Balance:** The School's General Fund's fund balance at the end of the fiscal year totaled \$1,108,825. The subsequent year's budget budgets a fund balance reduction of \$500,000 as the school continues to expend its bond funds.

**Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the School's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Marble Charter School, School Headmaster, 418 West Main St., Marble, Colorado 81623.

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS/  
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



**Marble Charter School**  
**Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position**  
**June 30, 2025**

	<b>General Fund</b>	<b>Adjustments</b>	<b>Statement of Net Position</b>
<b>Assets:</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	795,318	-	795,318
Restricted cash and investments	472,614	-	472,614
Accounts receivable	191,926	-	191,926
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	-	1,732,273	1,732,273
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>1,459,858</b>	<b>1,732,273</b>	<b>3,192,131</b>
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</b>			
Pension related deferred outflows	-	330,955	330,955
Post-employment health benefits related deferred outflows	-	10,112	10,112
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>341,067</b>	<b>341,067</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>			
Accounts payable	285,950	-	285,950
Retainage payable	16,427	-	16,427
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	48,656	-	48,656
Net pension liability	-	1,218,917	1,218,917
Net post-employment health benefits (OPEB)	-	21,627	21,627
Arbitrage rebate payable	-	21,333	21,333
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>351,033</b>	<b>1,261,877</b>	<b>1,612,910</b>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources:</b>			
Pension related deferred inflows	-	153,160	153,160
Post-employment health benefits related deferred inflows	-	15,922	15,922
<b>Total Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>169,082</b>	<b>169,082</b>
<b>Fund Balances/Net Position:</b>			
<b>Fund Balances:</b>			
Restricted for emergencies	39,250	(39,250)	
Restricted for capital projects	472,614	(472,614)	
Assigned	596,961	(596,961)	
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	<b>1,108,825</b>	<b>(1,108,825)</b>	
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	<b>1,459,858</b>		
<b>Net Position:</b>			
Investment in capital assets		1,408,964	1,408,964
Restricted for emergencies		39,250	39,250
Restricted for capital projects		472,614	472,614
Unrestricted		(169,622)	(169,622)
<b>Total Net Position</b>		<b>1,751,206</b>	<b>1,751,206</b>

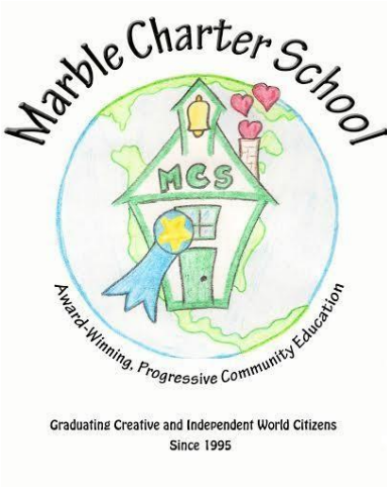
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and**  
**Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Statement of Activities</u>
<b>Revenues:</b>			
Per pupil funding	483,340	-	483,340
Investment income	59,620	-	59,620
State sources	414,201	11,545	425,746
Other	198,032	-	198,032
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>1,155,193</u>	<u>11,545</u>	<u>1,166,738</u>
<b>Expenditures/Expenses:</b>			
Direct instruction	598,069	37,561	635,630
Indirect instruction	130	-	130
General administration	20,085	-	20,085
Support services	32,849	-	32,849
Custodial maintenance	77,914	3,255	81,169
Transportation	42,477	2,153	44,630
Food service operations	52,380	2,564	54,944
Capital outlay	485,332	(485,332)	-
Depreciation	-	37,649	37,649
<b>Total Expenditures/Expenses</b>	<u>1,309,236</u>	<u>(402,150)</u>	<u>907,086</u>
<b>Change in Fund Balance/Net Position</b>	(154,043)	413,695	259,652
<b>Fund Balance/Net Position:</b>			
Beginning of the Year	<u>1,262,868</u>		<u>1,491,554</u>
End of the Year	<u><u>1,108,825</u></u>		<u><u>1,751,206</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**

**I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Marble Charter School (the “School”) is located in Marble, Colorado and is a component unit of Gunnison Watershed School District RE-1J (the “District”) with a mission of the students that the School meet or exceed state academic standards in a vibrant and nurturing school community where they are given time and space to discover their passions. The School operates an “other-level” public school serving the educational needs of children in grades kindergarten through 10th grade. The School operates under a charter from the Gunnison Watershed School District RE-1J.

On June 3, 1993, the Colorado State Legislature passed a statute, known as the Charter School Act (the “Act”), allowing the creation of public, non-sectarian, non-religious, non-home-based schools to operate within a public-school district. The schools, known as charter schools, allow for groups of parents, teachers, and community members to operate a school in a semi-autonomous environment. Under the Act, charter schools operate according to an approved charter application that serves as a contract between the charter school and the District’s Board.

In 1995 the District approved a charter application through a resolution, allowing for the creation of the Marble Charter School. The School renewed its contract with the District on July 1, 2023 which runs through June 30, 2029.

Charter Schools are financed from a portion of School Finance Act revenues and from revenues generated by the School, within the limits established by the *Charter School Act, CRS Section 22-30-101*. The School contracts with the District for payment of maintenance, insurance, staff training, and other accounting services. The School and the District have entered into an agreement whereby the District funds 100 percent of the School’s per pupil funding based on the schools’ enrollment, less automatically withheld funding according to *Charter Schools Act 22-30.5-112*, up to five percent to cover central administrative services. During the year ended June 30, 2025 the School received \$483,340 in per pupil funding.

The School operates under an elected Board of Directors and follows state and federal accounting and reporting requirements in compliance with the terms of its approved charter.

The School’s financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established by GAAP used by the School are discussed below.

**A. Reporting Entity**

The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the School, and (b) organizations for which the School is financially accountable. The School is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to appoint a voting majority of an organization’s governing body and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the School. Consideration is also given to other organizations, which are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the School. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity’s financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

**A. Reporting Entity (continued)**

Based on the criteria above, the School is not financially accountable for any other organization. The School is included in the District's reporting entity because of the nature and significance of their operational and financial relationships with the District. The School's financial transactions are reported on the District's financial statement as a discretely presented component unit.

**B. School-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The School's basic financial statements include both School-wide (financial activities of the overall School) and fund financial statements (reporting the School's major funds). Both the School-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The School does not have any business-type activities, only governmental activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through per pupil revenue allocations from the State Department of Education, fees charged for services, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

**1. School-wide Financial Statements**

In the School-wide Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Net Position column is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The School's net position is reported in three parts—net investment in capital asset; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The School-wide focus is on the sustainability of the School as an entity and the change in the School's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

**2. Fund Financial Statements**

The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The fund focus is on current available resources and budget compliance.

The School reports the following major governmental fund:

The *General Fund* is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School.

**C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation**

Measurement focus refers to whether financial statements measure changes in current resources only (current financial focus) or changes in both current and long-term resources (long-term economic focus). Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues, expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Financial statement presentation refers to classification of revenues by source and expenses by function.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

**C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)**

**1. Long-term Economic Focus and Accrual Basis**

Governmental activities in the school-wide financial statements use the long-term economic focus and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

**2. Current Financial Focus and Modified Accrual Basis**

The School fund financial statements use the current financial focus and are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. The School considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

**D. Financial Statement Accounts**

**1. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as deposits that can be withdrawn at any time without notice or penalty and investments with original maturities of three months or less.

**2. Investments**

The School's investment policy permits investments in the following type of obligations which corresponds with state statutes:

- U.S. Treasury Obligations (maximum maturity of 60 months)
- Federal Instrumentality Securities (maximum maturity of 60 months)
- FDIC-insured Certificates of Deposit (maximum maturity of 18 months)
- Corporate Bonds (maximum maturity of 36 months)
- Prime Commercial Paper (maximum maturity of 9 months)
- Eligible Bankers Acceptances
- Repurchase Agreements
- General Obligations and Revenue Obligations
- Local Government Investment Pools
- Money Market Mutual Fund

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

**D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)**

**3. Receivables**

No allowance was established at June 30, 2025 as all amounts were considered collectible.

**4. Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment, are reported in the school-wide financial statements. The School defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical record exists. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed asset, as applicable.

Capital outlay for projects is capitalized as projects are constructed. The School does not capitalize interest on the construction of capital assets.

Buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives (in years):

Buildings and improvements	50
Vehicles	10
Kitchen equipment	20

**5. Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the School's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

**D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)**

**6. Pensions**

The School participates in the School Division Trust Fund (“SCHDTF”), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees’ Retirement Association of Colorado (“PERA”). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**7. Defined Benefit Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan**

The School participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (“HCTF”), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees’ Retirement Association of Colorado (“PERA”). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditure) until then. The School has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category, the pension and OPEB related deferred outflows reported in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School has two items that qualify for reporting in this category, the pension and OPEB related deferred inflows reported in the statement of net position.

See Notes IV (D) and (E) below for discussion on pension and OPEB related deferred outflows and inflows.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

**D. Financial Statement Accounts (continued)**

**9. Fund Balance**

The School classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

*Non-spendable* - includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual requirements.

*Restricted* – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed* – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority which is the Board of Directors.

*Assigned* – includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the Board of Directors or its management designee.

*Unassigned* - includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**II. Reconciliation of School-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

**A. Explanation of differences between the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the school-wide Statement of Net Position**

The governmental fund Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Position includes an adjustment column. Explanations of adjustments included in this column are as follows:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not considered current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The School had capital assets with a total cost of \$2,568,164 less accumulated depreciation of \$835,891. The net capital assets are accounted for on the Statement of Net Position.

Long-term liabilities, including net pension and other post-employment benefit obligations, are not due and payable with current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This is the amount of the School's long-term liabilities:

Net pension liability	\$ (1,218,917)
Net post-employment health benefits liability	(21,627)
Arbitrage rebate payable	(21,333)
Total	\$ (1,261,877)

Changes in pension and post-employment health benefits related actuarial assumptions, proportion of collective amounts, differences between actual and expected experience and investments earnings, and differences between actual and annualized contributions to the pension and post-employment health benefits plans are recorded as deferred inflows or outflows of resources and amortized over the average remaining service life of all active and inactive plan members.

For the year ending June 30, 2025, net pension and post-employment health benefits changes include:

Unamortized pension related deferred outflows	\$ 330,955
Unamortized post-employment health benefits related deferred outflows	10,112
Unamortized pension related deferred inflows	(153,160)
Unamortized post-employment health benefits related deferred inflows	(15,922)
	\$ 171,985

See Notes IV (D) and (E) below for discussion on pension and post-employment health benefits related deferred outflows and inflows.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**II. Reconciliation of School-wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)**

**B. Explanation of differences between the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the school-wide Statement of Activities**

The governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance/school-wide Statement of Activities includes an adjustment column. Explanations of adjustments included in this column are as follows:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures which increase capital assets in the Statement of Net Position. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount of depreciation expense reported as an expenditure in the governmental activities' functions was \$37,649 and the capital outlay expenditure for the year was \$485,332.

Changes in the School's net pension obligation reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The School's net pension obligation changed \$48,389 during the year, which includes differences between School's contributions to the pension plan and amortization of pension-related deferrals.

Changes in the School's net post-employment health benefits obligation reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The School's net post-employment health benefits obligation changed \$6,407 during the year, which includes differences between School's contributions to the plan and amortization of post-employment health benefits related deferrals.

Changes in the School's arbitrage rebate payable reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The School's arbitrage rebate payable increased by \$0.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability**

**A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The annual budget is adopted on a non-GAAP basis and is reconciled to GAAP basis in the financial statements. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The School follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. On or about December 1, the Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a five-year financial projection. This is the basis for budgeting guidelines established by the Board of Education.
- b. By May 31<sup>st</sup>, the Superintendent submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and means of financing them.
- c. Public hearings are conducted at a regular Board of Education meeting to obtain taxpayer comment.
- d. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education.
- e. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.
- f. The School issues a separate budget document after the budget is approved by the Board of Education.

Colorado Budget Law requires that the School have a legally adopted budget and appropriations. The total expenditures may not exceed the amount appropriated. Appropriations may be increased if unanticipated revenues offset them. Where applicable, the Board of Education includes available fund balance in the amount appropriated in the annual Appropriations Resolution.

Authorization to transfer budgeted amounts between programs and/or departments and the reallocation of budget line items within any program and/or department rests with the Superintendent of Schools and may be delegated to an appropriate level of management. Revisions and/or supplemental appropriations that alter the total expenditures must be approved by the Board of Education.

Budgetary amounts reported in the accompanying basic financial statements are as originally adopted and amended by the Superintendent and/or the Board of Education throughout the year except they exclude appropriated available fund balance. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

During the year supplemental appropriation ordinances were approved as follows:

<b>Original</b>	<b>Final</b>	<b>Change</b>
<b>Appropriation</b>	<b>Appropriation</b>	<b>Change</b>
\$ 1,307,807	1,871,342	563,535

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**III. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)**

**B. TABOR Amendment – Revenue and Spending Limitation Amendment**

In November 1992, Colorado voters amended Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20; commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights ("TABOR"). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations that apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. TABOR requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, extension of any expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any local government. Any revenues earned in excess of the fiscal year spending limit must be refunded in the next fiscal year, unless voters approve retention of such excess revenue.

Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple fiscal year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future fiscal years.

TABOR also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of fiscal year revenues. The School has reserved a portion of its June 30, 2025, year-end fund balance in the General Fund for emergencies as required under TABOR in the amount of \$39,250.

The School's management believes it is in compliance with the financial provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of its provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds**

**A. Deposits and Investments**

The School's deposits are entirely covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or by collateral held under Colorado's Public Deposit Protection Act ("PDPA"). The FDIC insures the first \$250,000 of the School's deposits at each financial institution. Deposit balances over \$250,000 are collateralized as required by PDPA.

The deposits held by the School at June 30, 2025, were as follows:

<u>Type</u>	<u>Standard and Poors Rating</u>	<u>Carrying Amounts</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	
			<u>Less than One Year</u>	<u>One to Five Years</u>
<i>Deposits:</i>				
Checking / MM	Not rated	\$ 290,735	\$ 290,735	\$ -
<i>Investments:</i>				
Investment pools	AAAm	977,197	977,197	-
		<u>\$ 1,267,932</u>	<u>\$ 1,267,932</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**A. Deposits and Investments (continued)**

*Fair Value of Investments:*

The School measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. As such, a fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs used to measure the fair value of the investments into three levels, as follows:

- *Level 1:* Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets
- *Level 2:* Observable inputs other than quoted market prices
- *Level 3:* Unobservable inputs

At June 30, 2025, the School has the following recurring fair value measurements:

<b>Investments Measured at Net Asset Value</b>	<b>Total</b>
COLOTRUST	\$ 977,197

At June 30, 2025, the School was invested in the Colorado Government Liquid Asset Trust (“COLOTRUST”), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The Colorado Division of Securities administers and enforces the requirements of creating and operating COLOTRUST. The pool operates in conformity with the Securities and Exchange Commission’s Rule 2a-7 with each share equal in value to \$1.00.

A portion of the School’s investment in COLOTRUST is restricted for capital projects and is shown as restricted cash on its financials.

Investments of COLOTRUST are limited to those allowed by State statutes. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. The custodian’s internal records identify the investments owned by the participating governments.

*Interest Rate Risk.* The School limits investments maturities as required by state statutes as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. State statutes require the School to limit maturities to five years from the date of purchase. Maturities of investments held at June 30, 2025, are provided in the previous schedule. The School coordinates its investment maturities to closely match cash flow needs.

*Credit Risk.* State law specifies instruments in which local governments may invest including obligations of the United States, certain U.S. governmental agency securities, local government investment pools, and commercial paper among other items. The School’s general investment policy is to invest surplus funds in accordance with state law to ensure the preservation of capital, to ensure that adequate funds are available at all times to meet the financial obligations of the School when due, and to realize rates of return on invested funds which are comparable to market levels.

*Concentration of Credit Risk.* The School diversifies its investments by security type and institution. The School places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**B. Receivables**

Receivables as of year-end for the School, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	<b>Fund</b>
<b>Current Receivables:</b>	
Other accounts	\$ 191,926
<b>Total per School-wide Financial Statements</b>	<b>\$ 191,926</b>

**C. Capital Assets**

The School's capital assets as of June 30, 2025 were as follows:

	<b>Beginning Balance</b>	<b>Increases</b>	<b>Decreases</b>	<b>Ending Balance</b>
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Construction in progress	\$ 148,076	\$ 481,781	\$ -	\$ 629,857
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	148,076	481,781	-	629,857
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and Building improvements	1,857,041	-	-	1,857,041
Vehicles	66,810	-	-	66,810
Equipment	14,456	-	-	14,456
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,938,307	-	-	1,938,307
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and Building improvements	(762,125)	(30,245)	-	(792,370)
Vehicles	(33,405)	(6,681)	-	(40,086)
Equipment	(2,712)	(723)	-	(3,435)
Total accumulated depreciation	(798,242)	(37,649)	-	(835,891)
<b>Total Capital Assets, Net</b>	<b>\$ 1,288,141</b>	<b>\$ 444,132</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 1,732,273</b>

The School has not allocated its depreciation expense of \$37,649 to governmental functions/programs of the School for the year ended June 30, 2025.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions**

*Plan Description:* Eligible employees of the School are provided with pensions through the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at [www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports](http://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports).

*Benefits provided as of December 31, 2024:* PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit
- \$15 times the first 10 years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over 10 years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)**

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive the maximum annual increase (AI) or AI cap of 1.00% unless adjusted by the AAP. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00% AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10% of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25% based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

*Contribution provisions as of June 30, 2024:* Eligible employees, the School, and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, et seq. and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 11 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2025. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2024 Through June 30, 2025
Employer contribution rate	11.40%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	(1.02)%
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF	10.38%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	5.50%
<b>Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF</b>	<b>20.38%</b>

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)**

\*\*Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the School were \$106,275 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute a \$225 million direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. For 2024, a portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund.

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2024, and the total pension liability ("TPL") used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TPL to December 31, 2024. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2024 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2025, the School reported a liability of \$1,218,917 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a non-employer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the School as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a non-employer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the School were as follows:

The School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,218,917
The State's proportionate share of the pension liability as a non-employer contributing entity associated with the School		100,456
Total	\$	<u><u>1,319,373</u></u>

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)**

At December 31, 2024, the School's proportion was 0.00706%, which was a decrease of -0.00123% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School recognized pension expense of \$48,389 and revenue of \$11,545 for support from the State as a non-employer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2025, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 69,041	\$ -
Changes in actuarial assumptions	9,147	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	22,998	31
Changes in proportionate share of contributions	171,241	153,129
Difference between actual and reported contributions recognized	8,565	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	49,963	-
	\$ 330,955	\$ 153,160

\$49,963 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2026	\$ 125,639
2027	75,410
2028	(56,810)
2029	(16,407)
	\$ 127,832

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)**

*Actuarial assumptions.* The TPL in the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions, and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation:	3.40%- 11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07	1.00%
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 <sup>1</sup>	Financed by the AIR

<sup>1</sup> Post-retirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

All mortality assumptions are developed on a benefit-weighted basis and apply generational mortality. Note that in all categories, displayed as follows, the mortality tables are generationally projected using scale MP-2019.

	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
Pre-Retirement	PubT-2010 Employee	N/A
Post-Retirement (Retiree), Non-Disabled	PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree	<b>Males:</b> 112% of the rates prior to age 80/ 94% of the rates age 80 and older <b>Females:</b> 83% of the rates prior to age 80/ 106% of the rates age 80 and older
Post-Retirement (Beneficiary), Non-Disabled	Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor	<b>Males:</b> 97% of the rates for all ages <b>Females:</b> 105% of the rates for all ages
Disabled	PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree	99% of the rates for all ages

**Marble Charter School  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
June 30, 2025  
(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)**

*Actuarial assumptions. (continued):* The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, valuation were based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019. Revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by the PERA Board on November 20, 2020.

Based on the 2024 experience analysis, dated January 3, 2025, for the period January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2023, revised actuarial assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on January 17, 2025, and were effective as of December 31, 2024. The following assumptions were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total pension liability from December 31, 2023, to December 31, 2024.

Salary increases, including wage inflation: 4.00%-13.40%

Salary scale assumptions were altered to better reflect actual experience.

Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience. The estimated administrative expense as a percentage of covered payroll was increased from 0.40% to 0.45%.

The adjustments for credibility applied to the Pub-2010 mortality tables for active and retired lives, including beneficiaries, were updated based on the experience. All mortality assumptions are developed on a benefit-weighted basis. Note that in all categories, displayed as follows, the mortality tables are generationally projected using the 2024 adjusted MP-2021 projection scale.

	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
Pre-Retirement	PubT-2010 Employee	N/A
Post-Retirement (Retiree), Non-Disabled	PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree	<b>Males:</b> 106% of the rates for all ages <b>Females:</b> 86% of the rates prior to age 85/ 115% of the rates age 85 and older
Post-Retirement (Beneficiary), Non-Disabled	Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor	<b>Males:</b> 92% of the rates for all ages <b>Females:</b> 100% of the rates for all ages
Disabled	PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree	95% of the rates for all ages

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)**

*Actuarial assumptions. (continued):* The long-term expected return on plan assets is monitored on an ongoing basis and reviewed as part of periodic experience studies prepared every four years, and asset/liability studies, performed every three to five years for PERA. The most recent analyses were outlined in the 2024 Experience Study report dated January 3, 2025.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019, meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

<b>Asset Class</b>	<b>Target Allocation</b>	<b>30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</b>
Global Equity	51.00%	5.00%
Fixed Income	23.00%	2.60%
Private Equity	10.00%	7.60%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.10%
Alternatives	6.00%	5.20%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)**

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in Senate Bill ("SB") 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200, required adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, and the additional 0.50% resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103%, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50% every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)**

*Discount rate (continued):* Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

*Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.* The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 1,652,569	\$ 1,218,917	\$ 855,673

*Pension plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the SCHDTF's FNP is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at [www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports](http://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports).

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

*Plan description.* Eligible employees of the School are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available ACFR that can be obtained at [www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports](http://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports).

*Benefits provided.* The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the DPS Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund ("DPS HCTF"). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare health benefits program is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

*PERA Benefit Structure.* The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)**

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

*DPS Benefit Structure.* The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5% reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

*Contributions.* Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02% of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the School is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the School were \$5,319 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)**

At June 30, 2025, the School reported a liability of \$21,627 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2024, and the total OPEB liability (“TOL”) used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2023. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TOL to December 31, 2024. The School’s proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the School’s contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2024 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2024, the School proportion was 0.00452%, which was a decrease of -0.00044% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School recognized OPEB revenue of \$6,407. At June 30, 2025, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 4,730
Changes in actuarial assumptions	246	6,913
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	73	-
Changes in proportionate share of contributions	7,195	4,279
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,598	-
	\$ 10,112	\$ 15,922

\$2,598 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2026	\$ (1,971)
2027	(1,141)
2028	(2,213)
2029	(1,045)
2030	(1,103)
2031	(935)
	\$ (8,408)

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)**

*Actuarial assumptions.* The TOL in the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

	State Division	School Division	Local Government Division	Judicial Division
Actuarial cost method			Entry age	
Price inflation			2.30%	
Real wage growth			0.70%	
Wage inflation			3.00%	
Salary increases, including wage inflation				
Members other than State Troopers	3.30%-10.90%	3.40%-11.00%	3.20%- 11.30%	2.80%- 5.30%
State Troopers	3.20%-12.40%	N/A	3.20%- 12.40%	N/A
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including price inflation			7.25%	
Discount rate			7.25%	
Health care cost trend rates				
PERA benefit structure:				
Service-based premium subsidy			0.00%	
PERACare Medicare plans				16.00% in 2024, then 6.75% in 2025, gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2034
MAPD PPO#2				105.00% in 2024, then 8.55% in 2025, gradually decreasing to 4.50% in 2034
Medicare Part A premiums				3.50% in 2024, gradually increasing to 4.50% in 2033
DPS benefit structure:				
Service-based premium subsidy			0.00%	
PERACare Medicare plans			N/A	
Medicare Part A premiums			N/A	

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)**

*Actuarial assumptions.(continued):* As of the December 31, 2024, measurement date, the FNP and related disclosure components for the HCTF reflect additional payments related to the disaffiliation of Tri-County Health Department (Tri-County Health) as a PERA-affiliated employer, effective December 31, 2022. The additional employer disaffiliation payment allocations to the HCTF and Local Government Division Trust Fund were \$0.020 million and \$0.486 million, respectively.

Each year the per capita health care costs are developed by plan option. As of the December 31, 2023, actuarial valuation, costs are based on 2024 premium rates for the UnitedHealthcare Medicare Advantage Prescription Drug (MAPD) PPO plan #1, the UnitedHealthcare MAPD PPO plan #2, and the Kaiser Permanente MAPD HMO plan. Actuarial morbidity factors were then applied to estimate individual retiree and spouse costs by age, gender, and health care cost trend. This approach applies for all members and is adjusted accordingly for those not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for the PERA benefit structure.

**Age-Related Morbidity Assumptions**

<b>Participant Age</b>	<b>Annual Increase (Male)</b>	<b>Annual Increase (Female)</b>
65-68	2.2%	2.3%
69	2.8%	2.2%
70	2.7%	1.6%
71	3.1%	0.5%
72	2.3%	0.7%
73	1.2%	0.8%
74	0.9%	1.5%
75-85	0.9%	1.3%
86 and older	0.0%	0.0%

<b>Sample Age</b>	<b>MAPD PPO #1 with Medicare Part A</b>		<b>MAPD PPO #2 with Medicare Part A</b>		<b>MAPD HMO (Kaiser) with Medicare Part A</b>	
	<b>Retiree/Spouse</b>		<b>Retiree/Spouse</b>		<b>Retiree/Spouse</b>	
	<b>Male</b>	<b>Female</b>	<b>Male</b>	<b>Female</b>	<b>Male</b>	<b>Female</b>
65	\$1,710	\$1,420	\$585	\$486	\$1,897	\$1,575
70	\$1,921	\$1,589	\$657	\$544	\$2,130	\$1,763
75	\$2,122	\$1,670	\$726	\$571	\$2,353	\$1,853

**Marble Charter School  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
June 30, 2025  
(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)**

*Actuarial assumptions.(continued):*

Sample Age	MAPD PPO #1 without Medicare Part A		MAPD PPO #2 without Medicare Part A		MAPD HMO (Kaiser) without Medicare Part A	
	Retiree/Spouse		Retiree/Spouse		Retiree/Spouse	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
65	\$6,536	\$5,429	\$4,241	\$3,523	\$7,063	\$5,866
70	\$7,341	\$6,073	\$4,764	\$3,941	\$7,933	\$6,563
75	\$8,110	\$6,385	\$5,262	\$4,143	\$8,763	\$6,900

The 2024 Medicare Part A premium is \$505 per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed follows.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models, and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. PERACare Medicare plan rates are applied where members have no premium-free Part A and where those premiums are already exceeding the maximum subsidy. MAPD PPO #2 has a separate trend because the first year rates are still below the maximum subsidy and to reflect the estimated impact of the Inflation Reduction Act for that plan option.

**Marble Charter School  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
June 30, 2025  
(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)**

*Actuarial assumptions. (continued):* The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the TOL are summarized in the table below:

<b>Year</b>	<b>PERACare Medicare Plans</b>	<b>MAPD PPO #21</b>	<b>Medicare Part A Premiums</b>
2024	16.00%	105.00%	3.50%
2025	6.75%	8.55%	3.75%
2026	6.50%	8.10%	3.75%
2027	6.25%	7.65%	4.00%
2028	6.00%	7.20%	4.00%
2029	5.75%	6.75%	4.25%
2030	5.50%	6.30%	4.25%
2031	5.25%	5.85%	4.25%
2032	5.00%	5.40%	4.25%
2033	4.75%	4.95%	4.50%
2034+	4.50%	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, valuation for the Division Trust Funds as shown in the following table, reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the December 31, 2023, valuation for the HCTF, but developed using a headcount-weighted basis. Note that in all categories, displayed as follows, the mortality tables are generationally projected using scale MP-2019. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)**

*Actuarial assumptions.(continued):*

<b>Pre-Retirement</b>	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
State and Local Government Divisions (members other than Safety Officers)	PubG-2010 Employee	N/A
Safety Officers	PubS-2010 Employee	N/A
School Division	PubT-2010 Employee	N/A
Judicial Division	PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Employee	N/A
<b>Post-Retirement (Retiree), Non-Disabled</b>	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
State and Local Government Divisions (members other than Safety Officers)	PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree	<b>Males:</b> 94% of the rates prior to age 80/ 90% of the rates age 80 and older <b>Females:</b> 87% of the rates prior to age 80/ 107% of the rates age 80 and older
Safety Officers	PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree	N/A
School Division	PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree	<b>Males:</b> 112% of the rates prior to age 80/ 94% of the rates age 80 and older <b>Females:</b> 83% of the rates prior to age 80/ 106% of the rates age 80 and older
Judicial Division	PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Healthy Retiree	N/A
<b>Post-Retirement (Beneficiary), Non-Disabled</b>	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
All Beneficiaries	Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor	<b>Males:</b> 97% of the rates for all ages <b>Females:</b> 105% of the rates for all ages
<b>Disabled</b>	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
Members other than Safety Officers	PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree	99% of the rates for all ages
Safety Officers	PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree	N/A

**Marble Charter School  
Notes to the Financial Statements  
June 30, 2025  
(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)**

*Actuarial assumptions. (continued):* The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll-forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Per capita health care costs in effect as of the December 31, 2023, valuation date for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to be age 65 and older and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect costs for the 2024 plan year.
- The health care cost trend rates applicable to health care premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in those premiums. A separate trend rate assumption set was added for MAPD PPO #2 as the first-year rate is still below the maximum subsidy and also the assumption set reflects the estimated impact of the Inflation Reduction Act for that plan option.
- The Medicare health care plan election rate assumptions were updated effective as of the December 31, 2023, valuation date based on an experience analysis of recent data.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2023, valuations were based on the 2020 experience analysis, dated October 28, 2020, and November 4, 2020, for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019. Revised economic and demographic assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on November 20, 2020.

Based on the 2024 experience analysis, dated January 3, 2025, for the period January 1, 2020, to December 31, 2023, revised actuarial assumptions were adopted by PERA's Board on January 17, 2025, and were effective as of December 31, 2024. The following assumptions were reflected in the roll forward calculation of the total OPEB liability from December 31, 2023, to December 31, 2024.

	State Division	School Division	Local Government Division	Judicial Division
Salary increases, including wage inflation:				
Members other than Safety Officers	2.70%-13.30%	4.00%-13.40%	3.40%-13.00%	2.30%-4.70%
Safety Officers	3.20%-16.30%	N/A	3.20%-16.30%	N/A

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)**

*Actuarial assumptions. (continued):* The following health care costs assumptions were used in the roll forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Salary scale assumptions were altered to better reflect actual experience.
- Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- Participation rates were reduced.
- MAPD premium costs are no longer age graded.

Plan	With Medicare Part A	Without Medicare Part A
MAPD PPO #1	\$1,824	\$6,972
MAPD PPO #2	624	4,524
MAPD HMO (Kaiser)	2,040	7,596

The adjustments for credibility applied to the Pub-2010 mortality tables for active and retired lives, including beneficiaries, were updated based on the experience. Note that in all categories, the mortality tables are generationally projected using the 2024 adjusted MP-2021 project scale. These assumptions updated for the Division Trust Funds, were also applied in the roll forward calculations for the HCTF using a headcount-weighted basis. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)**

*Actuarial assumptions.(continued):*

<b>Pre-Retirement</b>	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
State and Local Government Divisions (members other than Safety Officers)	PubG-2010 Employee	N/A
Safety Officers	PubS-2010 Employee	N/A
School Division	PubT-2010 Employee	N/A
Judicial Division	PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Employee	N/A
<b>Post-Retirement (Retiree), Non-Disabled</b>	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
State and Local Government Divisions (members other than Safety Officers)	PubG-2010 Healthy Retiree	<b>Males:</b> 90% of the rates for all ages <b>Females:</b> 85% of the rates prior to age 85/ 105% of the rates age 85 and older
Safety Officers	PubS-2010 Healthy Retiree	N/A
School Division	PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree	<b>Males:</b> 106% of the rates for all ages <b>Females:</b> 86% of the rates prior to age 85/ 115% of the rates age 85 and older
Judicial Division	PubG-2010(A) Above-Median Healthy Retiree	N/A
<b>Post-Retirement (Beneficiary), Non-Disabled</b>	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
All Beneficiaries	Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor	<b>Males:</b> 92% of the rates for all ages <b>Females:</b> 100% of the rates for all ages
<b>Disabled</b>	<b>Mortality Table</b>	<b>Adjustments, as Applicable</b>
Members other than Safety Officers	PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree	95% of the rates for all ages
Safety Officers	PubS-2010 Disabled Retiree	N/A

The actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed annually and updated, as appropriate, by the PERA Board's actuary.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)**

*Actuarial assumptions.(continued):* The long-term expected return on plan assets is monitored on an ongoing basis and reviewed as part of periodic experience studies prepared every four years, and asset/liability studies, performed every three to five years for PERA. The most recent analyses were outlined in the 2024 Experience Study report dated January 3, 2025.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25% long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the November 15, 2019, meeting, and again at the Board's September 20, 2024, meeting. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

<b>Asset Class</b>	<b>Target Allocation</b>	<b>30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return</b>
Global Equity	51.00%	5.00%
Fixed Income	23.00%	2.60%
Private Equity	10.00%	7.60%
Real Estate	10.00%	4.10%
Alternatives	6.00%	5.20%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)**

*Sensitivity of the School proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates.* The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	<u>1% Decrease in Trend Rates</u>	<u>Current Trend Rates</u>	<u>1% Increase in Trend Rates</u>
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	7.55%	8.55%	9.55%
Ultimate MAPD PP0#2 trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	2.75%	3.75%	4.75%
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability	\$ 21,044	\$ 21,627	\$ 22,286

*Discount rate.* The discount rate used to measure the TOL was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2024, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00%.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**IV. Detailed Notes on all Funds (continued)**

**E. Health Care Trust Fund Liabilities and Related Expenses, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)**

*Sensitivity of the School proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates (continued):*

- As of the December 31, 2024, measurement date, the FNP and related disclosure components for the HCTF reflect additional payments related to the disaffiliation of Tri-County Health as a PERA-affiliated employer, effective December 31, 2022. The additional employer disaffiliation payment allocations to the HCTF and Local Government Division Trust Fund were \$0.020 million and \$0.486 million, respectively.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the FNP for the HCTF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25% on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TOL. The discount rate determination did not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25%. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

*Sensitivity of the School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.* The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
Proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 26,504	\$ 21,627	\$ 17,422

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's Annual Report which can be obtained at [www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports](http://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports).

**F. Arbitrage Rebate Payable**

Arbitrage as it applies to government financing refers to the ability of state and local governments to obtain funds at a tax-exempt rate of interest and to then invest those funds in investments which earn a higher yield, resulting in a profit to the issuer.

The arbitrage rebate rules require that any earnings from the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds which exceed the yield on the bonds be remitted to the federal government.

The School has no issued or outstanding debt but received approximately \$1.1 million from Gunnison Watershed School District in fiscal year 2022-2023 as part of the District's Series 2023 General Obligation debt issuance. The School has an arbitrage rebate payable to the federal government of \$21,333 at June 30, 2025. This amount is reported in the Government-wide financial statements as a liability.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**June 30, 2025**  
**(Continued)**

**V. Other Information**

**A. Defined Contribution Pension Plan**

*Plan Description.* Employees of the School that are also members of the SCHDTF may voluntarily contribute to the Voluntary Investment Program, an Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) defined contribution plan administered by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 14 of the C.R.S., as amended, assigns the authority to establish the Plan provisions to the PERA Board of Trustees. PERA issues a publicly available ACFR which includes additional information on the Voluntary Investment Program. That report can be obtained at [www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports](http://www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports).

*Funding Policy.* Voluntary Investment Program is funded by voluntary member contributions up to the maximum limits set by the Internal Revenue Service, as established under Title 24, Article 51, Section 1402 of the C.R.S., as amended. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. There were no 401(k) Plan member contributions from the School for the year ended June 30, 2025.

**B. Risk Management**

*Risk of Loss.* The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to workers' compensation; general liability; unemployment; torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and errors and omissions. The School carries commercial coverage for these risks and claims, if any, are not expected to exceed the commercial insurance coverage.

*Pupil Count.* Each year the School submits data regarding pupil counts to the Colorado Department of Education (CDE). The purpose of this data collection is to obtain required student level data as provided for by state statute(s), including information regarding students' funding eligibility as outlined in the Public School Finance Act of 1994 (22-54-101, C.R.S.).

The Student October Count is based on a one (1) day membership count in which schools are asked to report all students who are actively enrolled and attending classes through their school on that date. In an effort to ensure accurate reporting of those data fields associated with student funding, CDE conducts periodic compliance audits of each school's student October count data. This data not only determine per pupil funding, but also at risk and English Language Proficiency Act (ELPA) funding. CDE audits schools every one to four years, the frequency of which is determined by a number of factors including, but not limited to, the size and location of the school, as well as issues or concerns that might have arisen from prior audits.

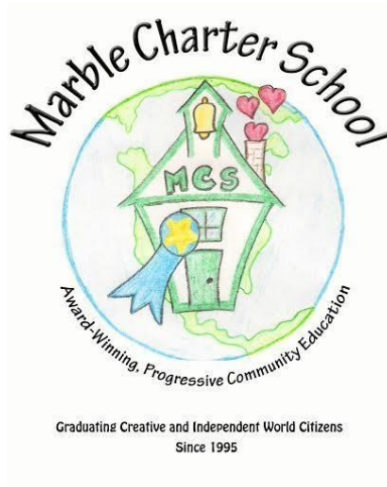
The School believes its pupil count information is accurate and any adjustment would not be material.

**C. Construction Commitments**

At June 30, 2025, the School had the following construction commitments:

<b>Project</b>	<b>Vendor</b>	<b>Contract Commitment</b>	<b>Completed</b>	<b>Remaining</b>
Bond Renovations	FCI Constructors	\$ 2,058,609	\$ 312,119	\$ 1,746,490

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**



**Marble Charter School**  
**Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances**  
**Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual with Reconciliation to GAAP Basis**  
**General Fund**  
**For the Year Ended June 30, 2025**  
**(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2024)**

	2025			Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)	2024
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Actual
<b>Revenues:</b>					
Per pupil funding	518,103	452,664	483,340	30,676	584,920
Investment income	18,000	23,000	59,620	36,620	65,355
State sources	164,725	140,000	404,209	264,209	167,175
Other	156,478	247,600	198,032	(49,568)	230,140
<b>Total Revenues</b>	857,306	863,264	1,145,201	281,937	1,047,590
<b>Expenditures:</b>					
Direct instruction	630,866	727,508	588,077	139,431	715,647
Indirect instruction	3,000	2,000	130	1,870	1,651
General administration	13,000	8,000	20,085	(12,085)	27,354
Support services	24,200	24,500	32,849	(8,349)	32,172
Custodial maintenance	101,848	107,626	77,914	29,712	75,749
Transportation	47,555	47,555	42,477	5,078	40,793
Food service operations	60,410	58,853	52,380	6,473	60,921
Capital outlay	426,928	874,000	485,332	388,668	153,329
Interest and fiscal charges	-	21,300	-	21,300	-
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	1,307,807	1,871,342	1,299,244	572,098	1,107,616
<b>Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures</b>	(450,501)	(1,008,078)	(154,043)	854,035	(60,026)
<b>Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:</b>					
Pension direct distribution - Special funding			9,992		2,450
Pension expense - Special funding			(9,992)		(2,450)
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance - GAAP Basis</b>	(450,501)	(1,008,078)	(154,043)	854,035	(60,026)
<b>Fund Balance/Net Position:</b>					
Beginning of the Year			1,262,868		1,322,894
End of the Year			1,108,825		1,262,868

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Schedule of School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability**  
**Colorado Public Employees' Retirement Association School Division Trust Fund**  
**Last 10 Fiscal Years**

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
School's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00706%	0.00829%	0.00548%	0.00661%	0.00713%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	1,218,917	1,466,297	998,582	769,557	1,078,145
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a non-employer contributing entity associated with the School	100,456	31,462	225,333	79,147	-
Total proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School	<u>1,319,373</u>	<u>1,497,759</u>	<u>1,223,915</u>	<u>848,704</u>	<u>1,078,145</u>
School's covered payroll	\$ 545,882	\$ 548,171	\$ 422,610	\$ 418,180	\$ 381,640
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	223%	267%	236%	184%	283%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.17%	64.74%	61.79%	74.86%	66.99%
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
School's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00591%	0.00600%	0.00630%	0.00662%	0.00691%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	883,056	1,062,317	2,036,632	1,969,685	1,056,221
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a non-employer contributing entity associated with the School	99,397	127,784	-	-	-
Total proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School	<u>982,453</u>	<u>1,190,101</u>	<u>2,036,632</u>	<u>1,969,685</u>	<u>1,056,221</u>
School's covered payroll	\$ 345,114	\$ 322,789	\$ 312,708	\$ 291,643	\$ 298,829
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	256%	329%	651%	675%	353%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	64.52%	57.01%	43.96%	43.13%	59.16%

**Marble Charter School**  
**Schedule of School Pension Contributions**  
**Colorado Public Employees' Retirement Association School Division Trust Fund**  
**Last 10 Fiscal Years**

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 106,275	\$ 111,969	\$ 103,027	\$ 81,219	\$ 75,843
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>\$ (106,275)</u>	<u>\$ (111,969)</u>	<u>\$ (103,027)</u>	<u>\$ (81,219)</u>	<u>\$ (75,843)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School's covered payroll	\$ 521,469	\$ 549,407	\$ 505,528	\$ 408,311	\$ 381,506
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	20.38%	20.38%	20.38%	19.89%	19.88%
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 75,018	\$ 63,094	\$ 54,126	\$ 53,831	\$ 52,157
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>\$ (75,018)</u>	<u>\$ (63,094)</u>	<u>\$ (54,126)</u>	<u>\$ (53,831)</u>	<u>\$ (52,157)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School's covered payroll	\$ 387,091	\$ 329,819	\$ 290,531	\$ 296,915	\$ 300,961
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.38%	19.13%	18.63%	18.13%	17.33%

**Marble Charter School**  
**Schedule of School's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability**  
**Colorado Public Employees' Retirement Association Health Care Trust Fund**  
**Last 10 Fiscal Years \***

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.00452%	0.00496%	0.00416%	0.00432%	0.00413%
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	21,627	35,405	34,003	37,231	39,216
School's covered payroll	\$ 545,882	\$ 548,171	\$ 422,610	\$ 418,180	\$ 381,640
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	4%	6%	6%	9%	9%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	59.83%	46.16%	38.57%	39.40%	32.78%
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.00384%	0.00390%	0.00358%	0.00376%	
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	43,386	53,057	46,508	48,754	
School's covered payroll	\$ 345,114	\$ 322,789	\$ 312,708	\$ 291,643	
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	11%	16%	15%	17%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	24.49%	17.03%	17.53%	16.72%	

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year. Information is only available beginning in fiscal year 2017.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Schedule of School OPEB Contributions**  
**Colorado Public Employees' Retirement Association Health Care Trust Fund**  
**Last 10 Fiscal Years \***

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,319	\$ 5,604	\$ 5,156	\$ 4,118	\$ 3,891
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>\$ (5,319)</u>	<u>\$ (5,604)</u>	<u>\$ (5,156)</u>	<u>\$ (4,118)</u>	<u>\$ (3,891)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School's covered payroll	\$ 521,469	\$ 549,407	\$ 505,528	\$ 408,311	\$ 381,506
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.01%	1.02%
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,948	\$ 3,364	\$ 2,963	\$ 3,029	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>\$ (3,948)</u>	<u>\$ (3,364)</u>	<u>\$ (2,963)</u>	<u>\$ (3,029)</u>	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	
School's covered payroll	\$ 387,091	\$ 329,819	\$ 290,531	\$ 296,915	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	

\* Information is only available beginning in fiscal year 2017.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to Required Supplementary Information**  
**June 30, 2025**

**I. Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – PERA**

**A. Significant Changes in Plan Provisions Affecting Trends in Actuarial Information**

**1. Changes since the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation:**

- As of the December 31, 2024, measurement date, the fiduciary net position (FNP) and related disclosure components for the Local Government Division reflect additional payments related to the disaffiliation of Tri-County Health Department (Tri-County Health) as a PERA-affiliated employer, effective December 31, 2022. The additional employer disaffiliation payment allocations to the Local Government Division Trust Fund and Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF) were \$486,000 and \$20,000, respectively.
- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the pension certificates of participation (PCOPs) issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

**2. Changes since the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation:**

- As of the December 31, 2023, measurement date, the FNP and related disclosure components for the Local Government Division reflect payments related to the disaffiliation of Tri-County Health as a PERA-affiliated employer, effective December 31, 2022. As of the December 31, 2023, year-end, PERA recognized two additions for accounting and financial reporting purposes: a \$24,000,000 payment received on December 4, 2023 and a \$2,000,000 receivable. The employer disaffiliation payment and receivable allocations to the Local Government Division Trust Fund and HCTF were \$24,967,000 and \$1,033,000, respectively.
- Senate Bill (SB) 23-056, enacted and effective June 2, 2023, intended to recompense PERA for the remaining portion of the \$225,000,000 direct distribution originally scheduled for receipt July 1, 2020, suspended due to the enactment of House Bill (HB) 20-1379, but not fully repaid through the provisions within HB 22-1029. Pursuant to SB 23-056, the State Treasurer issued a warrant consisting of the balance of the PERA Payment Cash Fund, created in C.R.S. § 24-51-416, plus \$10,000,000 from the General Fund, totaling \$14,561,000.
- SB 23-163, enacted and effective June 6, 2023, states beginning July 1, 2023, a wildlife officer and a parks and recreation officer employed by the Division of Parks and Wildlife in the Department of Natural Resources, is classified as a "State Trooper" for the purpose of determining their service retirement eligibility.
- As of the December 31, 2023, measurement date, the total pension liability (TPL) recognizes the change in the default method applied for granting service accruals for certain members, from a "12-pay" method to a "non-12-pay" method. The default service accrual method for positions with an employment pattern of at least eight months but fewer than 12 months (including, but not limited to positions in the School and DPS Divisions) receive a higher ratio of service credit for each month worked, up to a maximum of 12 months of service credit per year.
- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the PCOPs issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)**  
**June 30, 2025**

**I. Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – PERA (continued)**

**A. Significant Changes in Plan Provisions Affecting Trends in Actuarial Information (continued)**

**3. Changes since the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation:**

- HB 22-1029, effective upon enactment in 2022, required the State Treasurer to issue, in addition to the regularly scheduled \$225,000,000 direct distribution, a warrant to PERA in the amount of \$380,000,000 with reductions to future direct distributions. The July 1, 2023, direct distribution will be reduced by \$190,000,000 to \$35,000,000. The July 1, 2024, direct distribution will not be reduced from \$225,000,000 due to a negative investment return in 2022.
- The TPL for the Local Government Division, as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date, was adjusted to reflect the disaffiliation, as allowable under C.R.S. § 24-51-313, of Tri-County Health, effective December 31, 2022. As of the close of the 2022 fiscal year, no disaffiliation payment associated with Tri-County Health was received, and therefore no disaffiliation dollars were reflected in the FNP as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date.
- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the PCOPs issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

**4. Changes since the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation:**

- The following changes reflect the anticipated adjustments resulting from the 2020 automatic adjustment provision (AAP) assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2021, and effective July 1, 2022:
  - Member contribution rates increase by 0.50%.
  - Employer contribution rates increase by 0.50%.
  - Annual increase (AI) cap is lowered from 1.25% per year to 1.00% per year.
- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the PCOPs issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

**5. Changes since the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation:**

- HB 20-1379, enacted on June 29, 2020, suspended the \$225,000 direct distribution payable on July 1, 2020 for the State's 2020-21 fiscal year.
- HB 20-1394, enacted on June 29, 2020, requires 5.0% of the Judicial Division base employer contributions rate to be paid by the members of the Judicial Division for the State's 2020-21 and 2021-22 fiscal years. This does not apply to the employer or member contribution rates for judges employed by the Denver County Court.
- SB 18-200 and SB 20-057, enacted in 2018 and 2020, respectively expanded the definition of "State Trooper" under Colorado law as follows: ▪ Beginning July 1, 2020, new or existing employees of the Division of Fire Prevention and Control in the Department of Public Safety classified as firefighter I through firefighter VII;
- New members hired on or after January 1, 2020, as a county sheriff, undersheriff, deputy sheriff, noncertified deputy sheriff, or detention officer by a Local Government Division employer; and
- New members hired on or after January 1, 2020, as a corrections officer classified as I through IV by a State Division employer.
- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the PCOPs issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)**  
**June 30, 2025**

**I. Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – PERA (continued)**

**A. Significant Changes in Plan Provisions Affecting Trends in Actuarial Information (continued)**

**6. Changes since the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation:**

- SB 18-200 was enacted on June 4, 2018, which included the adoption of the AAP. The following changes reflect the anticipated adjustments resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020:
  - Member contribution rates increase by 0.50%.
  - Employer contribution rates increase by 0.50%.
  - AI cap is lowered from 1.50% per year to 1.25% per year.
- HB 19-1217, enacted May 20, 2019, repealed the member contribution increases scheduled for the Local Government Division pursuant to SB 18-200.
- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the PCOPs issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

**7. Changes since the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation:**

- The following changes were made to the plan provisions as part of SB 18-200:
  - Member contribution rates increase by 0.75% effective July 1, 2019, an additional 0.75% effective July 1, 2020, and an additional 0.50% effective July 1, 2021.
  - Employer contribution rates increase by 0.25% effective July 1, 2019 for State, School, Judicial, and DPS Divisions.
  - An annual direct distribution of \$225,000,000 from the State of Colorado, recognized as a nonemployer contributing entity, is distributed between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Divisions proportionally based on payroll.
  - AI cap is lowered from 2.00% per year to 1.50% per year. ▪ Initial AI waiting period is extended from one year after retirement to three years after retirement.
  - AI payments are suspended for 2018 and 2019.
  - The number of years used in the highest average salary calculation for non-vested members as of January 1, 2020, increases from three to five years for the State, School, Local Government, and DPS Divisions and increases from one to three years for the Judicial Division.
- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the PCOPs issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

**8. Changes since the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation:**

- The Cunningham Fire Protection District (CFPD) disaffiliated from the Local Government Division on December 2, 2017. For the purpose of the December 31, 2017, measurement date, liabilities were determined assuming no additional benefit accruals for the disaffiliated membership of the CFPD that had not refunded their PERA member contribution accounts. The total disaffiliation payment of \$1,159,000 was allocated to the Local Government Division Trust Fund and the HCTF in the amount of \$1,063,000 and \$96,000, respectively.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)**  
**June 30, 2025**

**I. Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – PERA (continued)**

**A. Significant Changes in Plan Provisions Affecting Trends in Actuarial Information (continued)**

**8. Changes since the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation (continued):**

- Pursuant to HB 17-1265, the amortization equalization disbursement (AED) and supplemental amortization equalization disbursement (SAED) contribution rates are adjusted for employers in the Judicial Division as follows:
  - For the calendar year beginning in 2019, C.R.S. § 24-51-411(4.5) increased the AED payment to 3.40% of PERA-includable salary and requires the AED payment to increase by 0.40% at the start of each of the following four calendar years through 2023 at which time the AED payment will be 5.00% of PERA-includable salary.
  - For the calendar year beginning in 2019, C.R.S. § 24-51-411(7.5) increased the SAED payment to 3.40% of PERA-includable salary and requires the SAED payment to increase by 0.40% at the start of each of the following four calendar years through 2023 at which time the SAED payment will be 5.00% of PERA-includable salary.
- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the PCOPs issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

**9. Changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation:**

- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the PCOPs issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.

**10. Changes since the December 31, 2014 actuarial valuation:**

- Actual employer contributions to the DPS Division are reduced by an amount equal to the principal payments plus interest necessary each year to finance the PCOPs issued in 1997 and 2008 and refinanced thereafter.
- As required under C.R.S. § 24-51-401(1.7)(e), PERA calculated and provided to the Colorado General Assembly an adjustment to the DPS Division's employer contribution rate to assure the equalization of the School Division's and the DPS Division's ratios of unfunded actuarial accrued liability to payroll as of December 31, 2039. Subsequently, the Colorado General Assembly passed HB 15-1391, reducing the employer contribution rate of the DPS Division from 13.75% to 10.15%, effective January 1, 2015.

**B. Changes to assumptions or other inputs**

**1. Changes since the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation:**

- Salary scale assumptions were altered to better reflect actual experience.
- Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality base tables were retained for purposes of active, retired, disabled, and beneficiary lives, with revised adjustments for credibility and gender, where applicable. In addition, the applied generational projection scale was updated to the 2024 adjusted scale MP-2021.
- The estimated administrative expense as a percentage of covered payroll was increased from 0.40% to 0.45%.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)**  
**June 30, 2025**

**I. Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – PERA (continued)**

**B. Changes to assumptions or other inputs (continued)**

**2. Changes since the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation:**

- There were no changes made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

**3. Changes since the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation:**

- There were no changes made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

**4. Changes since the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation:**

- There were no changes made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

**5. Changes since the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation:**

- The assumption used to value the AI cap benefit provision was changed from 1.25% to 1.00%.

**6. Changes since the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation:**

- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.4 percent to 2.30 percent.
- The wage inflation assumption was lowered from 3.5 percent to 3.00 percent.
- The real rate of investment return assumption was increased to 4.95 percent per year, net of investment expenses from 4.85 percent per year, net of investment expenses.
- Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption for the School and DPS Divisions was changed to the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- The post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumption for the School and DPS Divisions was changed to the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follow:
  - Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
  - Females: 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- The post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumption for the Division Trust Funds was changed to the Pub-2019 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:
  - Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
  - Females: 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- The disabled mortality assumption for the Division Trust Funds (Members other than State Troopers) was changed to the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- The mortality tables described above are generational mortality tables on a head-count weighted basis.

**7. Changes since the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation:**

- The assumption used to value the AI cap benefit provision was changed from 1.50 percent to 1.25 percent.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)**  
**June 30, 2025**

**I. Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – PERA (continued)**

**B. Changes to assumptions or other inputs (continued)**

**8. Changes since the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation:**

- The single equivalent interest rate (“SEIR”) was increased from 4.78 percent to 7.25 percent to reflect the changes to the projection’s valuation basis, which no longer resulted in a projected year of depletion of the FNP, thereby eliminating the need to apply the municipal bond index rate.

**9. Changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation:**

- The SEIR was lowered from 5.26% to 4.78% to reflect the changes to the projection’s valuation basis, a projected year of depletion of the FNP, and the resulting application of the municipal bond index rate.
- The municipal bond index rate used in the determination of the SEIR changed from 3.86% on the prior measurement date to 3.43% on the measurement date.

**10. Changes Since the December 31, 2014 Actuarial Valuation:**

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 7.5% to 7.25%
- The wage inflation assumption was lowered from 3.90% to 3.50%
- The post-retirement mortality assumption for healthy lives for the School and Denver Public School (“DPS”) Divisions was changed to the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments for credibility and gender adjustments of a 93% factor applied to ages below 80 and a 113% factor applied to age 80 and above, projected to 2018, or males, and a 68% factor applied to ages below 80 and a 106% factor applied to age 80 and above, projected to 2020, for females.
- For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was changed to reflect 90% of RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.
- The mortality assumption for active members was changed to RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70% factor applied to male rates and a 55% factor applied to female rates.
- The rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were revised to reflect more closely actual experience.
- The estimated administrative expense as a percentage of covered payroll was increased from 0.35% to 0.40%.
- The SEIR for the School Division Trust Fund was lowered from 7.50% to 5.26% to reflect the changes to the projection’s valuation basis, a projected year of depletion of the FNP, and the resulting application of the municipal bond index rate.

**II. Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – OPEB**

**A. Significant Changes in Plan Provisions Affecting Trends in Actuarial Information**

**1. Changes since the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation:**

- As of the December 31, 2024, measurement date, the fiduciary net position (FNP) and related disclosure components for the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF) reflect additional payments related to the disaffiliation of Tri-County Health Department (Tri-County Health) as a PERA-affiliated employer, effective December 31, 2022. The additional employer disaffiliation payment allocations to the HCTF and Local Government Division Trust Fund were \$20,000 and \$486,000, respectively.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)**  
**June 30, 2025**

**II. Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – OPEB (continued)**

**A. Significant Changes in Plan Provisions Affecting Trends in Actuarial Information (continued)**

**2. Changes since the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation:**

- As of the December 31, 2023, measurement date, the FNP and related disclosure components for the HCTF reflect payments related to the disaffiliation of Tri-County Health as a PERA-affiliated employer, effective December 31, 2022. As of the December 31, 2023, year-end, PERA recognized two additions for accounting and financial reporting purposes: a \$24,000,000 payment received on December 4, 2023 and a \$2,000,000 receivable. The employer disaffiliation payment and receivable allocations to the HCTF and Local Government Division Trust Fund were \$1,033,000 and \$24,967,000, respectively.

**3. Changes since the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation:**

- The total OPEB liability for the HCTF, as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date, was adjusted to reflect the disaffiliation, allowable under C.R.S. § 24-51-313, of Tri-County Health, effective December 31, 2022. As of the close of the 2022 fiscal year, no disaffiliation payment associated with Tri-County Health was received, and therefore no disaffiliation dollars were reflected in the FNP as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date.

**4. Changes since the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation:**

- There were no change made to the plan provisions.

**5. Changes since the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation:**

- There were no change made to the plan provisions.

**6. Changes since the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation:**

- There were no change made to the plan provisions.

**7. Changes since the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation:**

- There were no change made to the plan provisions.

**8. Changes since the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation:**

- The Cunningham Fire Protection District (CFPD) disaffiliated from the Local Government Division, thereby ending participation in the HCTF on December 2, 2017. For the purpose of disclosure as of the December 31, 2017, measurement date, liabilities were determined assuming no additional service accruals impacting possible future premium subsidies for the disaffiliated membership of the CFPD that had not refunded their PERA member contribution accounts. The total disaffiliation payment of \$1,159,000 was allocated to the Local Government Division Trust Fund and the HCTF in the amount of \$1,063,000 and \$96,000, respectively.

**Marble Charter School**  
**Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued)**  
**June 30, 2025**

**II. Notes to the Required Supplementary Information – OPEB (continued)**

**B. Changes to assumptions or other inputs**

**1. Changes since the December 31, 2023 actuarial valuation:**

- Salary scale assumptions were altered to better reflect actual experience.
- Rates of termination/withdrawal, retirement, and disability were revised to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The adjustments for credibility applied to the Pub-2010 mortality tables for active and retired lives, including beneficiaries, were updated based on experience. In addition, the mortality projection scale was updated to the 2024 adjusted scale MP-2021 to reflect future improvements in mortality for all groups.
- Participation rates were reduced.
- MAPD premium costs are no longer age graded.

**2. Changes since the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation:**

- There were no change made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

**3. Changes since the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation:**

- The timing of the retirement decrement was adjusted to middle-of-year.

**4. Changes since the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation:**

- There were no change made to the actuarial methods or assumption

**5. Changes since the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation:**

- Changes since the December 31, 2019 to the HCTF actuarial valuation are the same as the changes to the SCHDTF noted in Note I.B.6. above.

**6. Changes since the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation:**

- There were no change made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

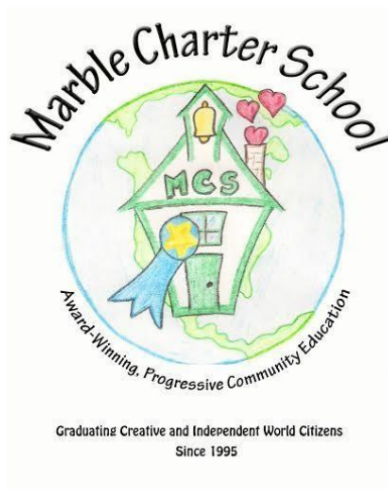
**7. Changes since the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation:**

- There were no change made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

**8. Changes since the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation:**

- There were no change made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**





**Colorado Department of  
Education**

Charter School Auditor's Integrity Report

Colorado School District/BOCES

District: 1360 - Gunnison Watershed RE1J

Fiscal Year 2024-25

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Location and Fund

**Location (900- 969): 901**

Fund Type &Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj (6880*)	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other Sources	0001 - 0999 Total Expenditures & Other Uses	6700 - 6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*) Ending Fund Balance
<b>Governmental</b>	+		-	=
10 General Fund	589,327	-450,963	138,364	0
18 Risk Mgmt Sub-Fund of General Fund	0	0	0	0
19 Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0	0	0	0
<b>Sub- Total</b>	<b>589,327</b>	<b>-450,963</b>	<b>138,364</b>	<b>0</b>
11 Charter School Fund	1,262,869	1,155,194	1,309,235	1,108,828
20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	40,553	0	40,553	0
06 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	0
21 Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
22 Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	0	0	0	0
23 Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
24 Full Day Kindergarten Mill Levy Override	0	0	0	0
25 Transportation Fund	0	0	0	0
31 Bond Redemption Fund	0	0	0	0
41 Building Fund	0	0	0	0
42 Special Building Fund	0	0	0	0
43 Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	0	0	0	0
46 Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
39 Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0
<b>Totals</b>	<b>1,892,750</b>	<b>704,231</b>	<b>1,488,153</b>	<b>1,108,828</b>
<b>Proprietary</b>				
50 Other Enterprise Funds	0	0	0	0
64 (63) Risk-Related Activity Fund	0	0	0	0
60,65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	0	0	0	0
<b>Totals</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
<b>Fiduciary</b>				
70 Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0
72 Private Purpose Trust Fund	0	0	0	0
73 Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
74 Pupil Activity Agency Fund	0	0	0	0
79 GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0	0	0	0
85 Foundations	0	0	0	0
<b>Totals</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>

\*If you have a prior period adjustment in any fund (Balance Sheet 6880), the amount of your priorperiod adjustment is added into both your ending and beginning fund balances on this report.